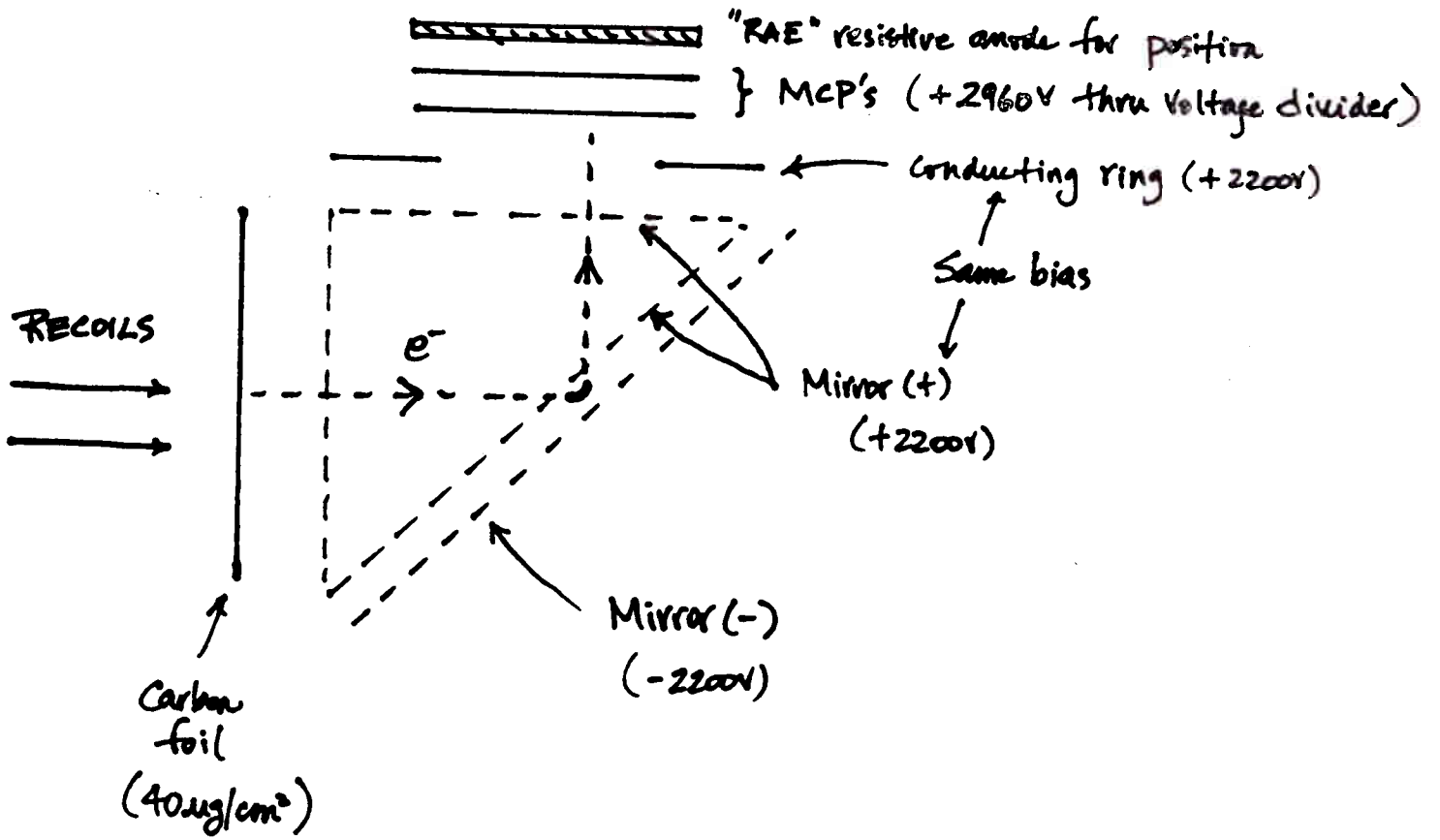
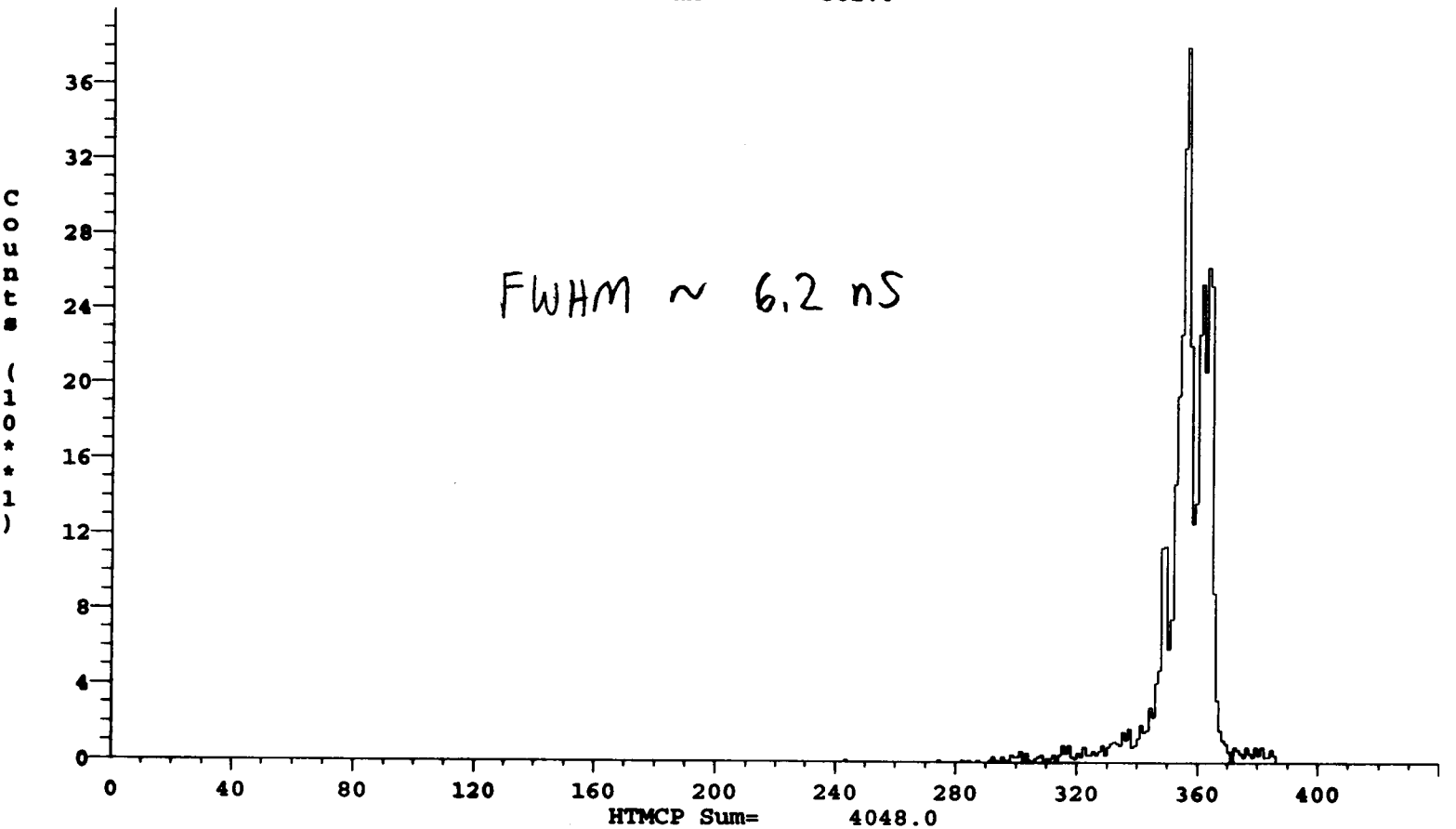
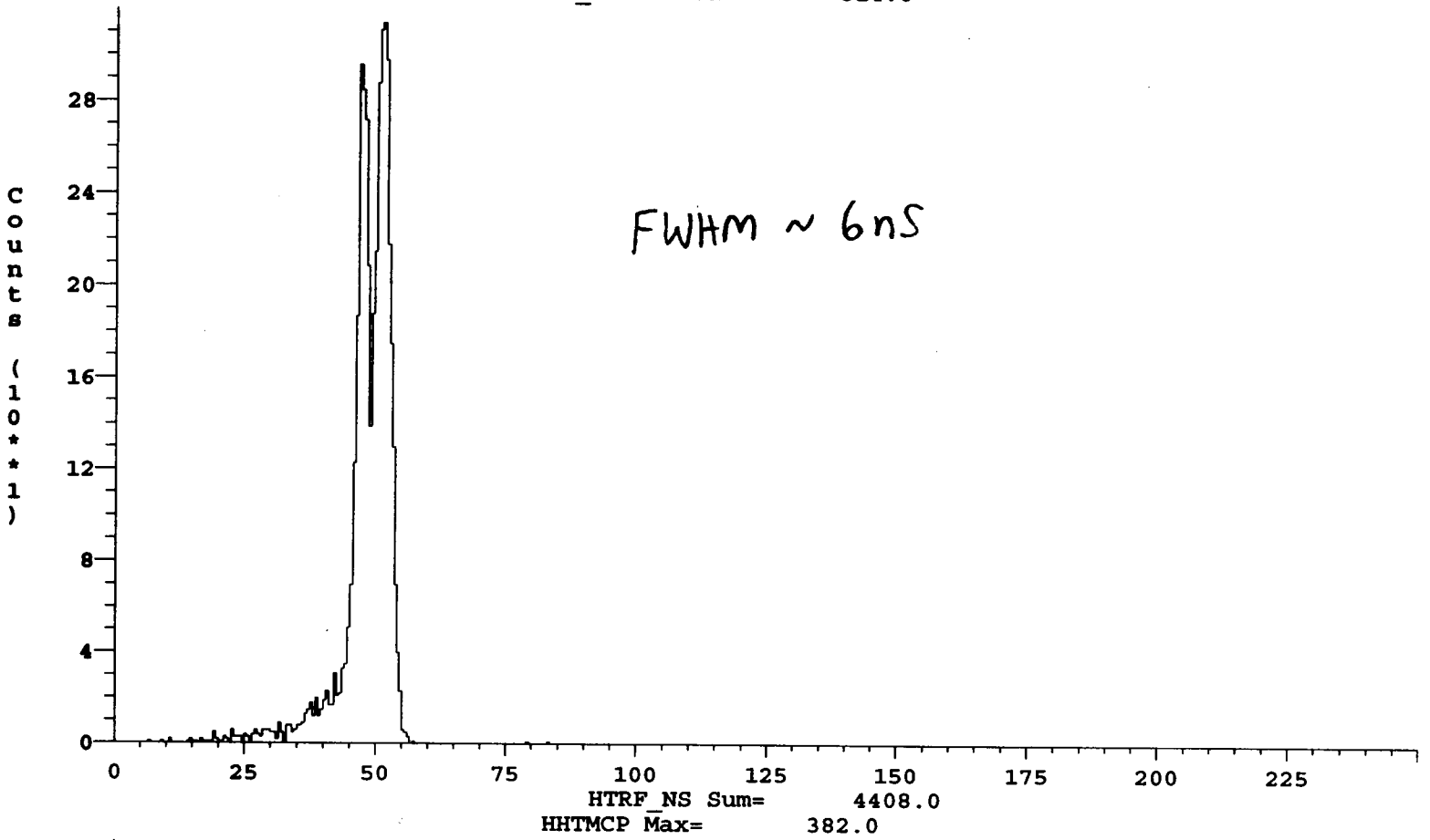


The Microchannel Plate Detector

Detector Schematic:

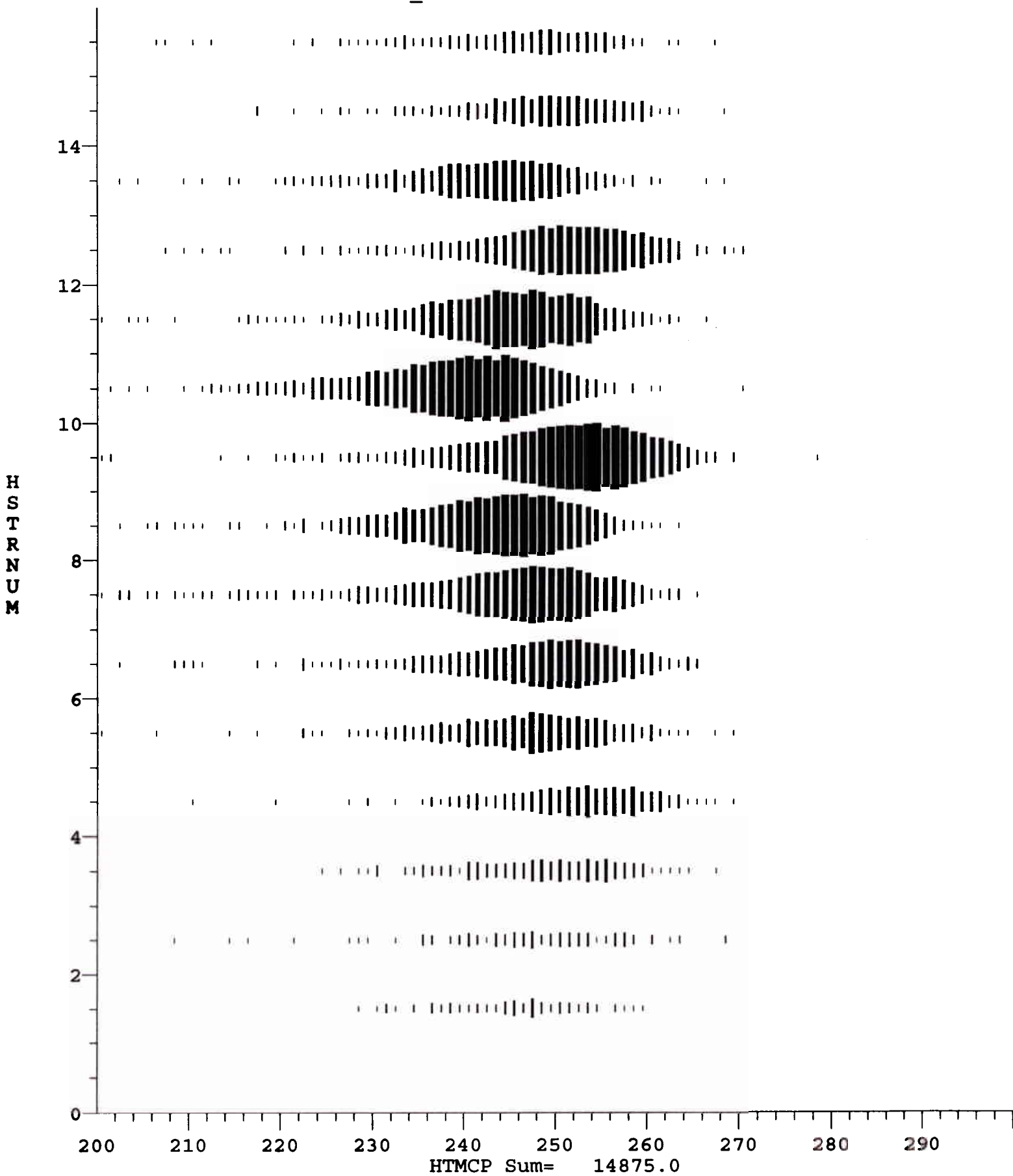


Run # 8052 Tue Aug 19 09:14:45 2003
HTRF_DSSSD Max= 314.0

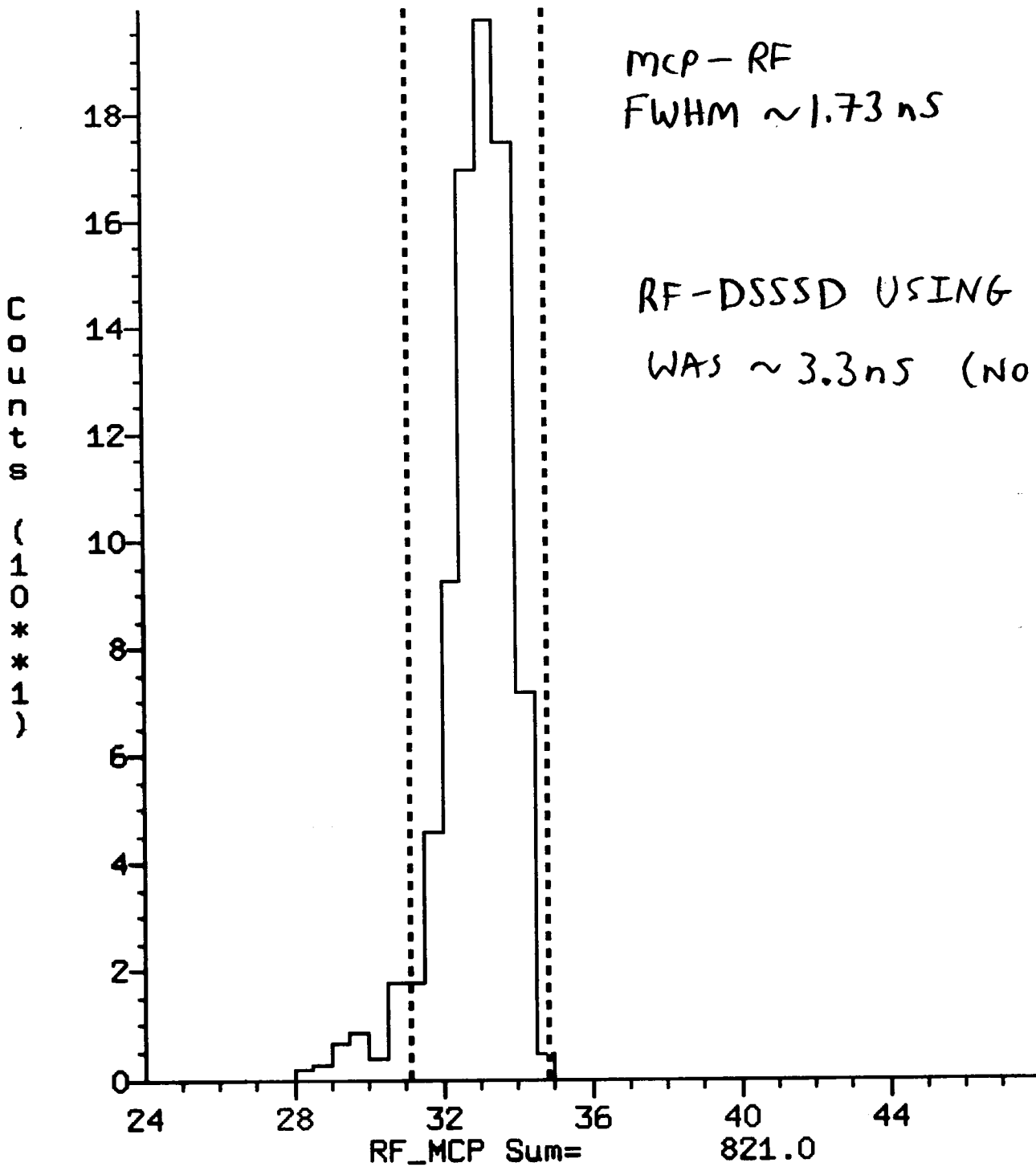


^{20}Ne 465 KeV/u

Run # 8072 Thu Aug 21 13:12:26 2003
HTMCP_STRIP Max= 158.0



(31.0000) (34.5000)
Sum 777. Xc 33.101 FWHM 1.729
Run # 9101 Tue Sep 23 09:33:21 2003
HRF_MCP Max= 198.0



MCP - RF
FWHM ~ 1.73 ns

RF-DSSSD USING BUNCHER
WAS ~ 3.3 ns (NO FOIL IN)

RF_MCP Sum= 821.0

MCP Efficiency

Geometrical

→ Done using ^{148}Gd α 's

→ MCP was moved around slightly

$$\frac{\text{Counts with MCP in}}{\text{Counts with MCP out}} \approx 93.0 \pm 0.6 \% \quad (\text{Counts in DSSSD})$$

→ Geometry of MCP

• i.e. wire thickness plus angle of mirror

⇒ eff 92.6%

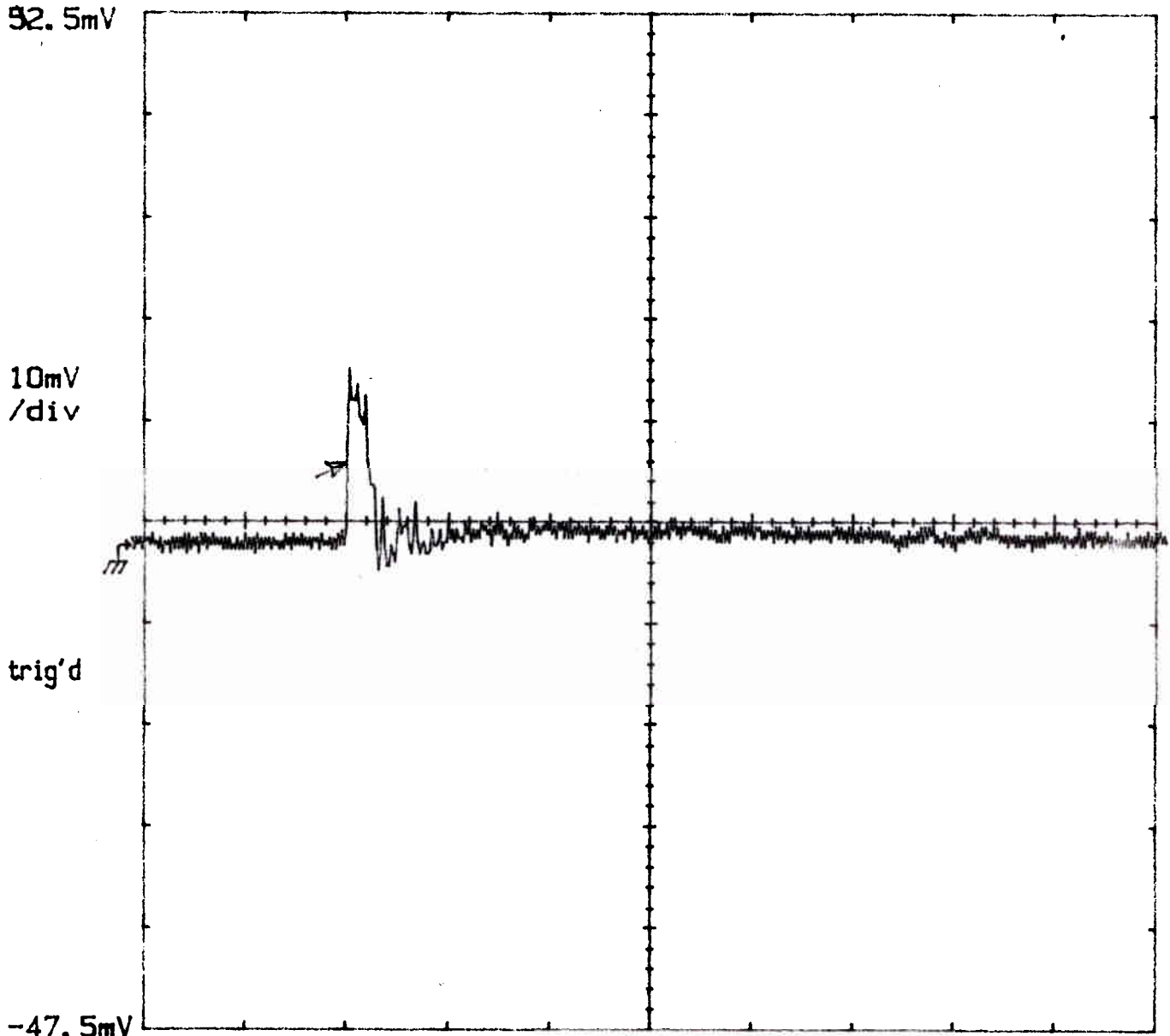
→ Meaning?

There is a ~~7%~~ ^{7%} chance that a beam or recoil particle will hit the voltage mirror wires and not make it to the DSSSD.

NOTE: Not total efficiency only geometrical.

DSA 602 DIGITIZING SIGNAL ANALYZER

date: 19-SEP-03 time: 15:07:44



-50ns		25ns/div		[RT]		200ns	
Peak-Peak 20.00 mV	Rise 816.8 ps	Width 4.983 ns	Measure- ments	Statistics Comp & Def continuous	Rem Wfm 2 L1 Main		
			Horizontal Magnify 1 x	Pan/ Zoom On	Horizontal Pos Gr 0 pts		

Mass resolving power of MCP/DSSSD

Can show that:

$$M = \frac{2Et^2}{d^2}$$

Using non relativistic eqn's

$$E = \frac{1}{2}mv^2, \quad t = \frac{d}{v}$$

$$(\delta m)^2 = \left(\frac{\partial m}{\partial E}\right)^2 (\delta E)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial m}{\partial t}\right)^2 (\delta t)^2 + \left(\frac{\partial m}{\partial d}\right)^2 (\delta d)^2$$

• $\Delta t \sim 2ns$

• $d \sim 0.75m$

neglect this term for now

• t found using SRIM, i.e. E loss in $220 \mu g/cm^2$ Al foil

$$t = \frac{d}{c} \sqrt{\frac{m}{2E}}$$

• δE from DSSSD measurement

$$\begin{aligned} \delta m &= \sqrt{8.02 \times 10^{-28} + 7.17 \times 10^{-29}} \cdot c^2 \\ &\approx 2660 \text{ MeV} \end{aligned}$$

- But ΔE poor due to α foil, fried DSSSD

• if δm only due to δt term then

$$\delta m \sim 760 \text{ meV}$$

also note $\delta m \propto \Delta t$